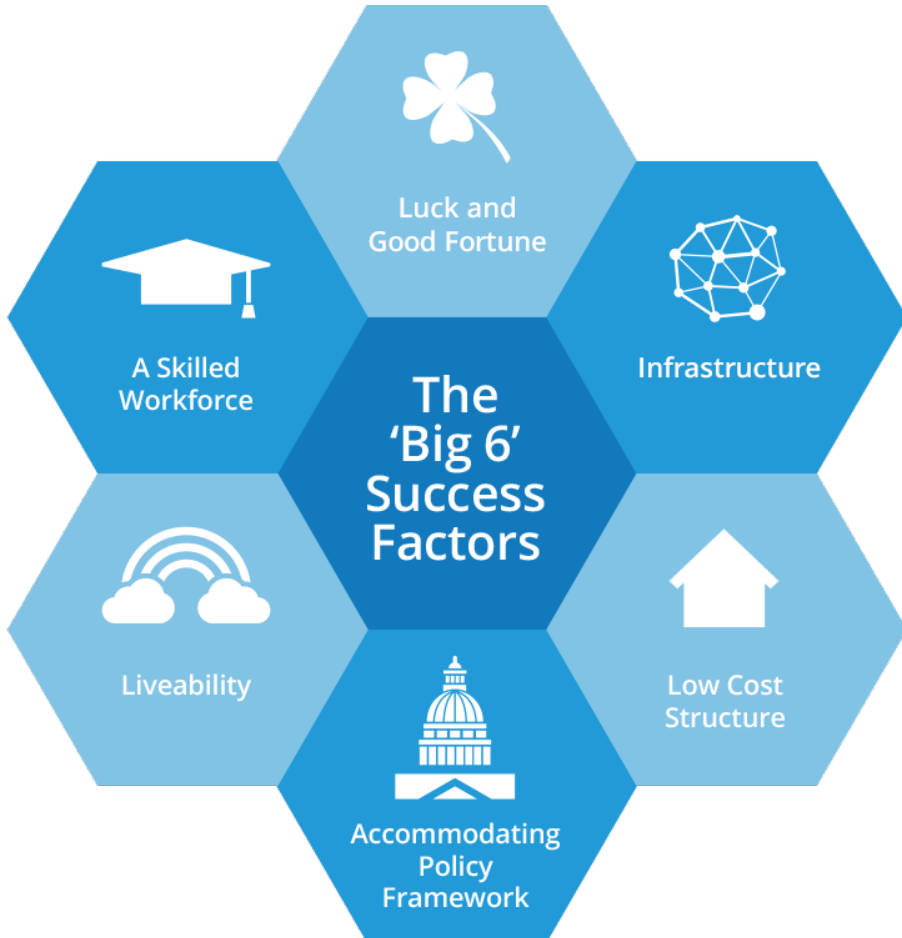


New Goals for US Science & Innovation Policy



- ❖ Goal: Put the USA in the lead developing the technologies that will shape the next century
- ❖ Strategy: Place based innovation that build these technologies outside the usual “knowledge hubs” (expand the geography of innovation)

New Federal Opportunities

- ❖ The Build Back Better Regional Challenge – \$1 B **Active**
- ❖ The National Science Foundation’s “Regional Innovation Engines” – \$1 60M **Active**
- ❖ Regional Clean Hydrogen Hubs authorized in the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act – \$8B across 4 hubs **Active**
- ❖ Regional Technology and Innovation Hubs authorized in the recently passed Chips and Science Act – \$10B across an anticipated 20 hubs **Expected 2023**

BIOTECH

628+
Montana Bio Companies



3rd

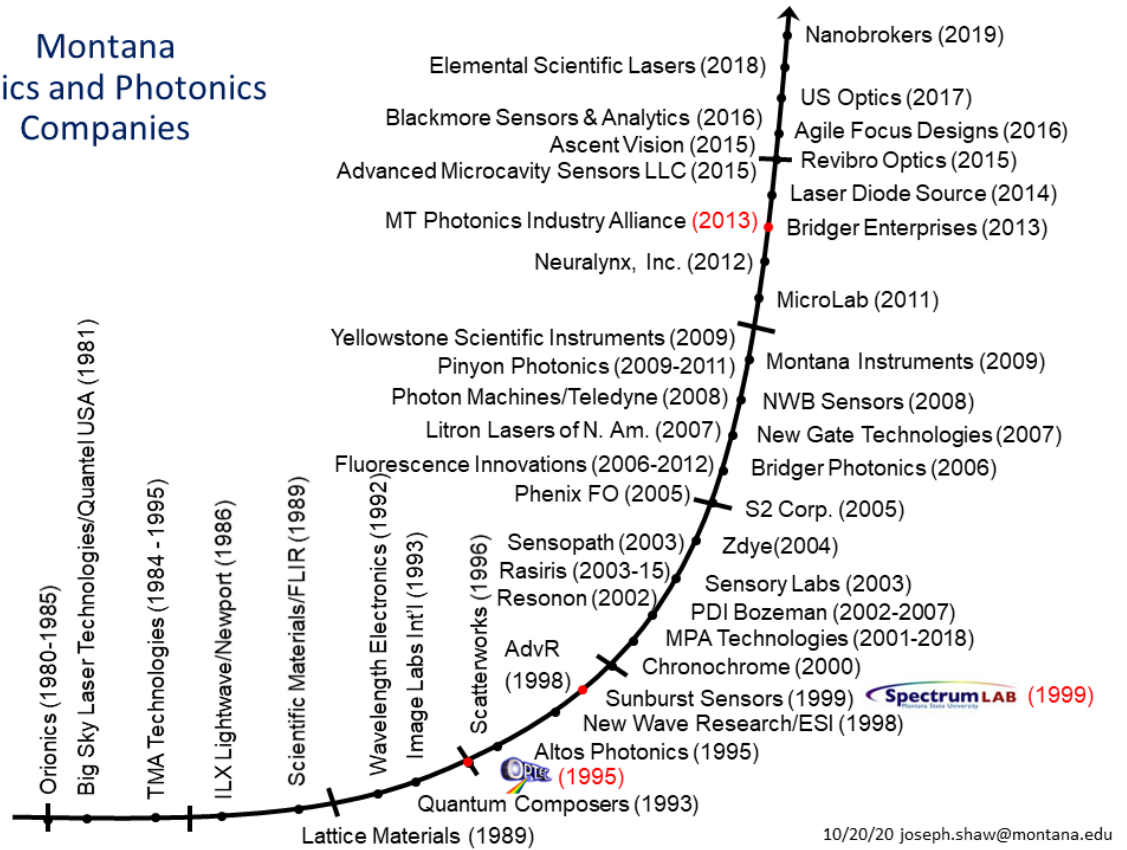
In the nation for growth in academic bioscience R&D, 2014-2019

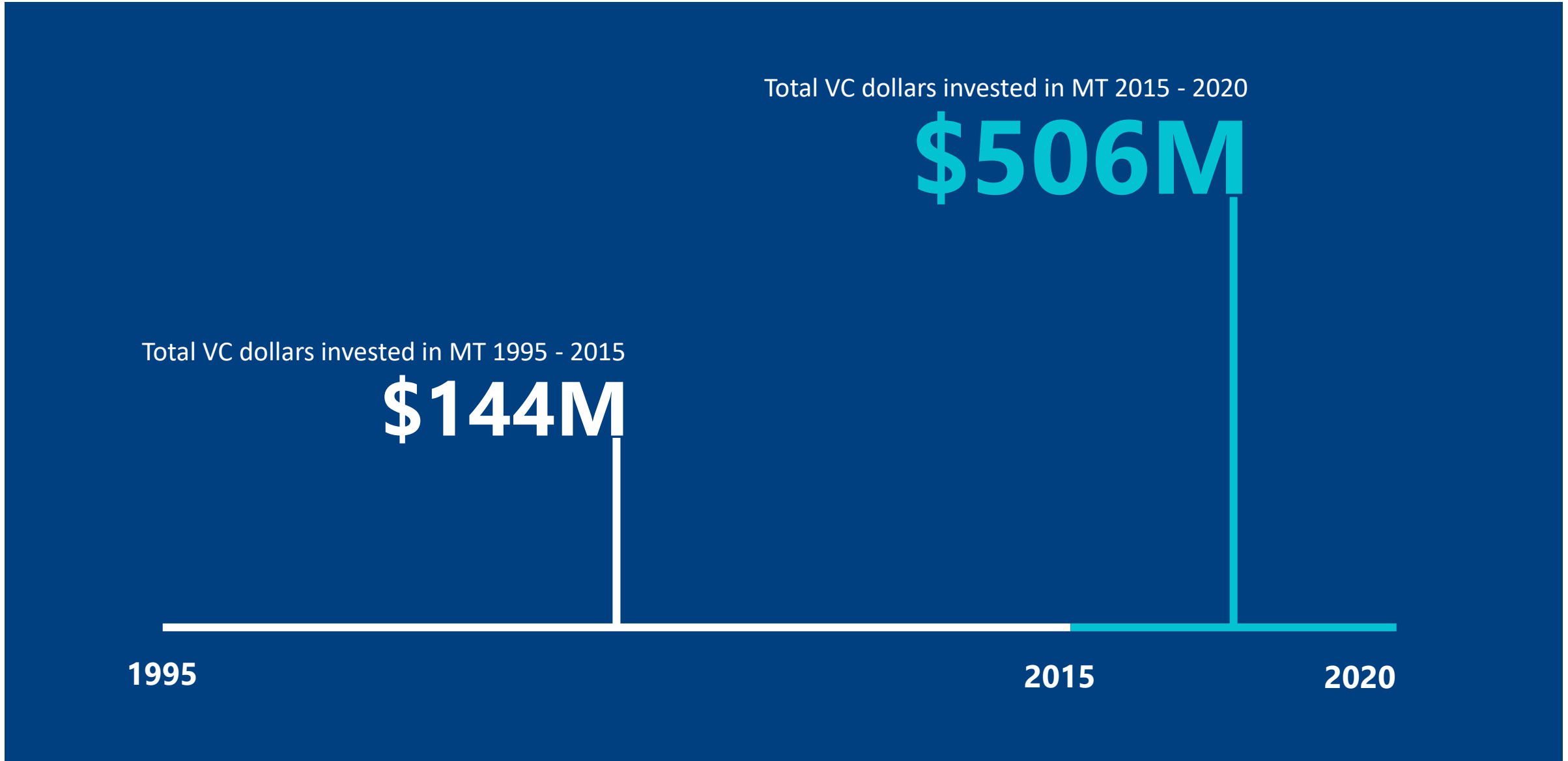
1st

Highest success rate for NIH SBIR/STTR grants

OPTICS

Montana
Optics and Photonics
Companies





Total VC dollars invested in MT 2015 - 2020

\$506M

Total VC dollars invested in MT 1995 - 2015

\$144M

1995

2015

2020

Mountains and Plains University Innovation Alliance

The Mountains & Plains University Innovation Alliance is a partnership among thirteen research-focused universities to develop new innovation ecosystems and economic growth opportunities in the Idaho, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming region.

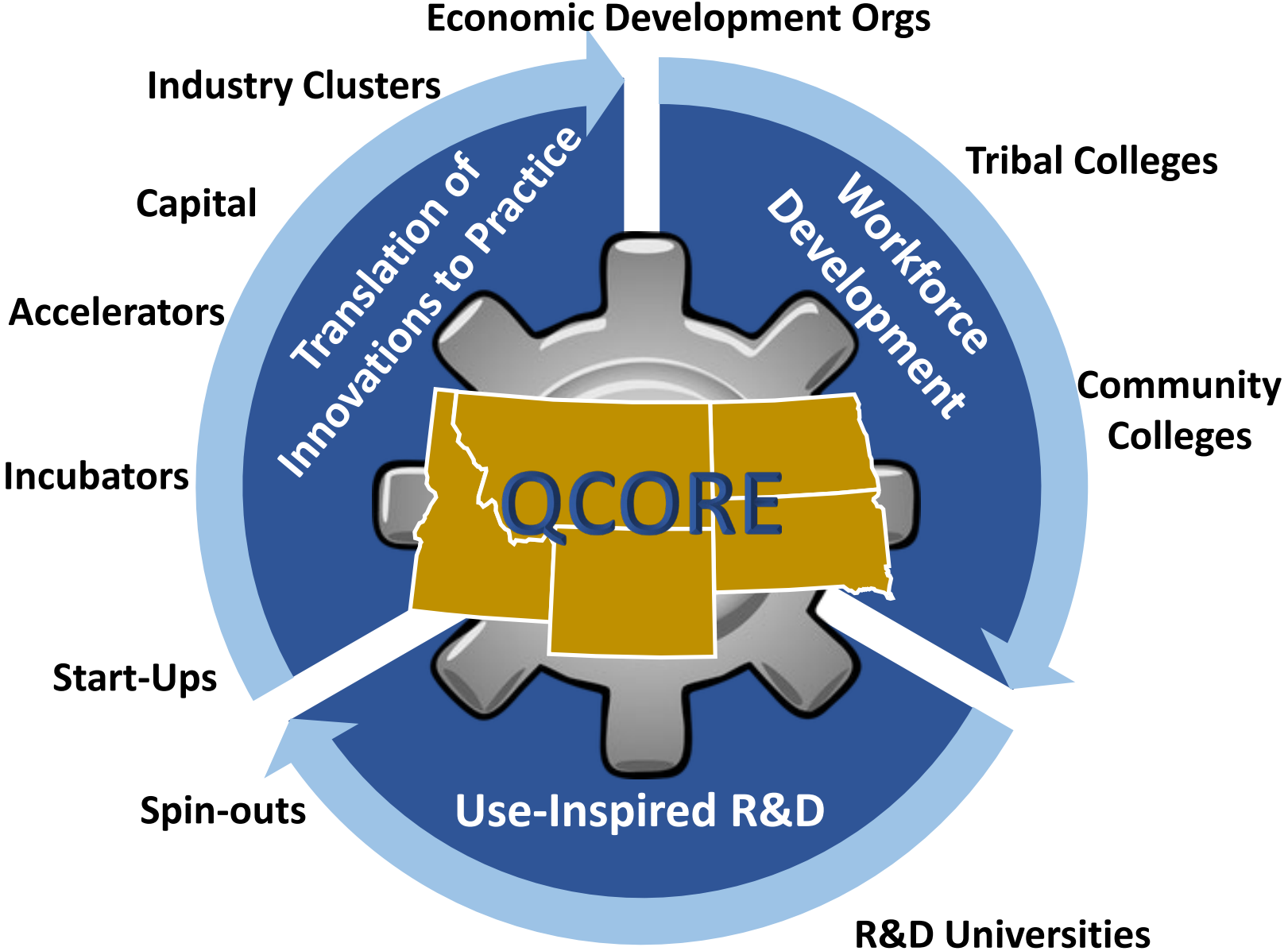
Alliance institutions will make use of each other's existing research, education and training programs, and public service expertise to boost their collective ability to attract and support the high technology industry in the region.



Partnership to date

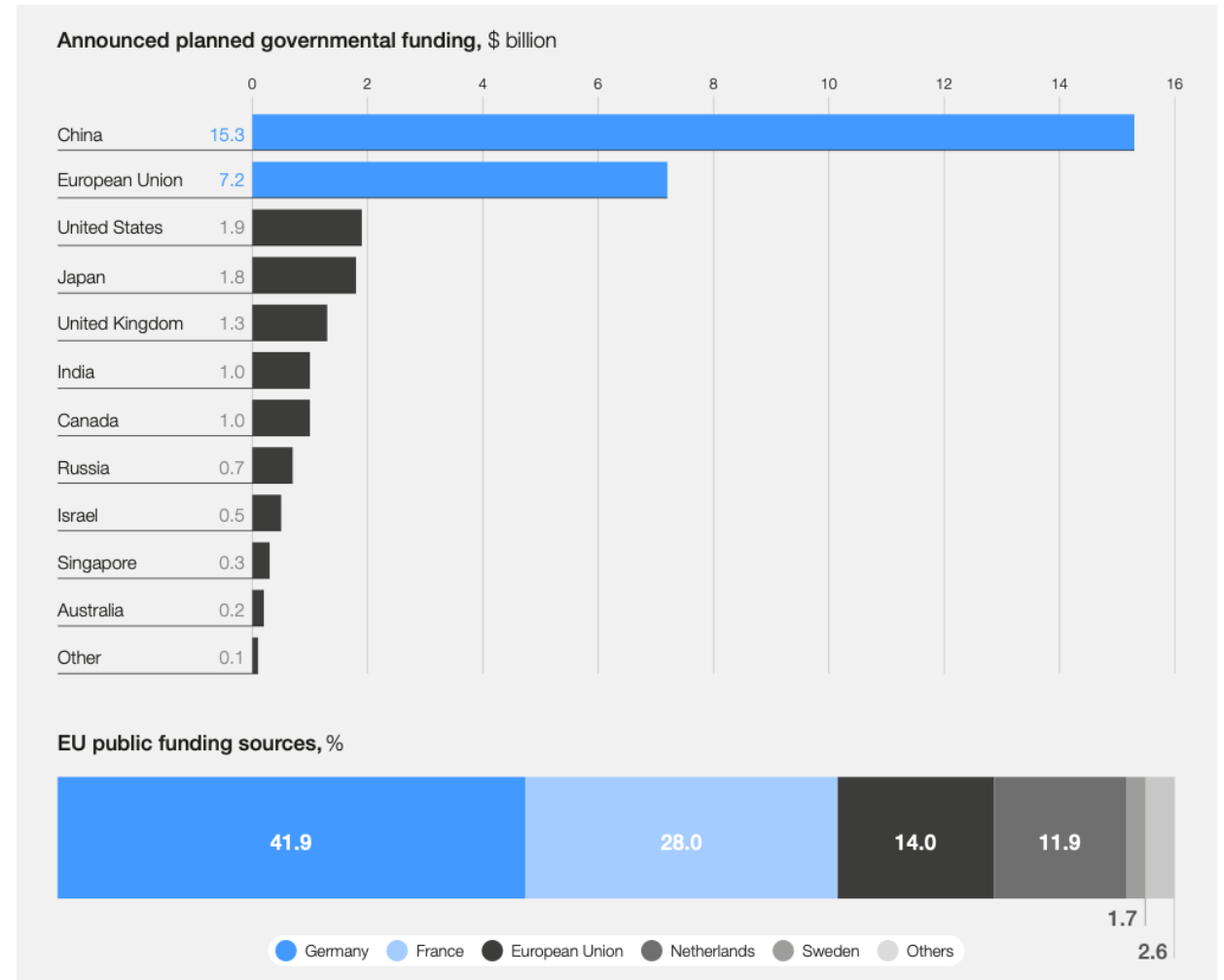
- ❖ \$65M in proposals in development for the NSF Regional Innovation Program
- ❖ Early coordination across state government for larger Regional Technology and Innovation Hub opportunity

Quantum Capacity, Operational Resilience and Equity Organizations



Why Quantum? It's Global Impact...

- **Total global investment is estimated at \$35.5 billion¹**
 - Public Investment > \$30 billion
 - Private ~\$5.5 billion
- U.S. investment is \$1.9 billion
- China has committed \$15 billion²
 - China has the most patents in quantum technology
- BCG estimates that quantum computing **could create a value of \$450B to \$850B** in the next 15-30 years³
 - \$5B - \$10b to users in the next 3-5 years
- 2021 private investments doubled compared to investments in 2020
- Private investment shifting from VC → IPOs



1: World Economic Forum. "State of Quantum Computing: Building a Quantum Economy," Insight Report, Sept. 2022

2: McKinsey & Company. "Quantum Technology Monitor," June 2022

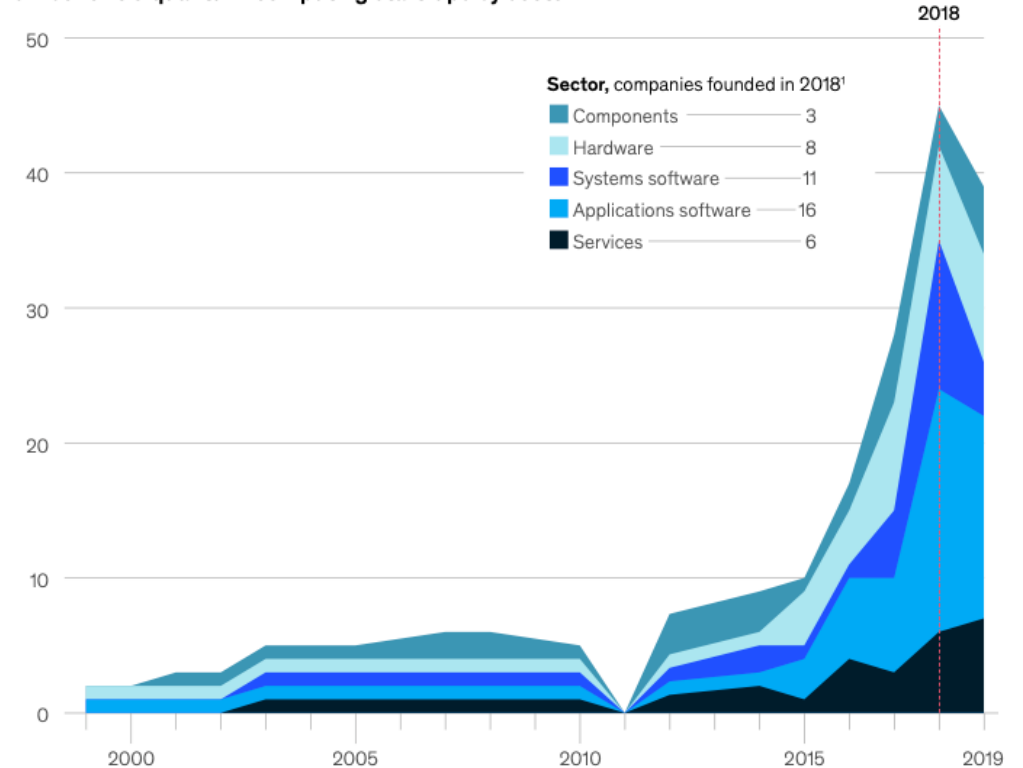
3: Boston Consulting Group. "What Happens When 'If' Turns to 'When' in Quantum Computing?" July 2021

Why Quantum In the US?

- In 2019, the US established the National Quantum Initiative Act
 - Included founding the Quantum Economic Development Consortium (QED-C)
- June 2021, US passed US Innovation and Competition Act, authorizing \$250B to invest in technology advancement, which included Quantum
- Cleveland Clinic, Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign and Hartree Centre each entered into a “discovery acceleration” partnership with IBM, anchored by Quantum computing, that have attracted \$1B in investment
- Four industries are estimated to be early beneficiaries (~\$700B by 2035)¹:
 - Pharmaceuticals
 - Chemicals
 - Automotive
 - Finance

The United States is home to the highest number of quantum-computing start-ups, with software seeing the highest level of global start-up growth.

Number of US quantum-computing start-ups by sector



Number of quantum-computing start-ups by region



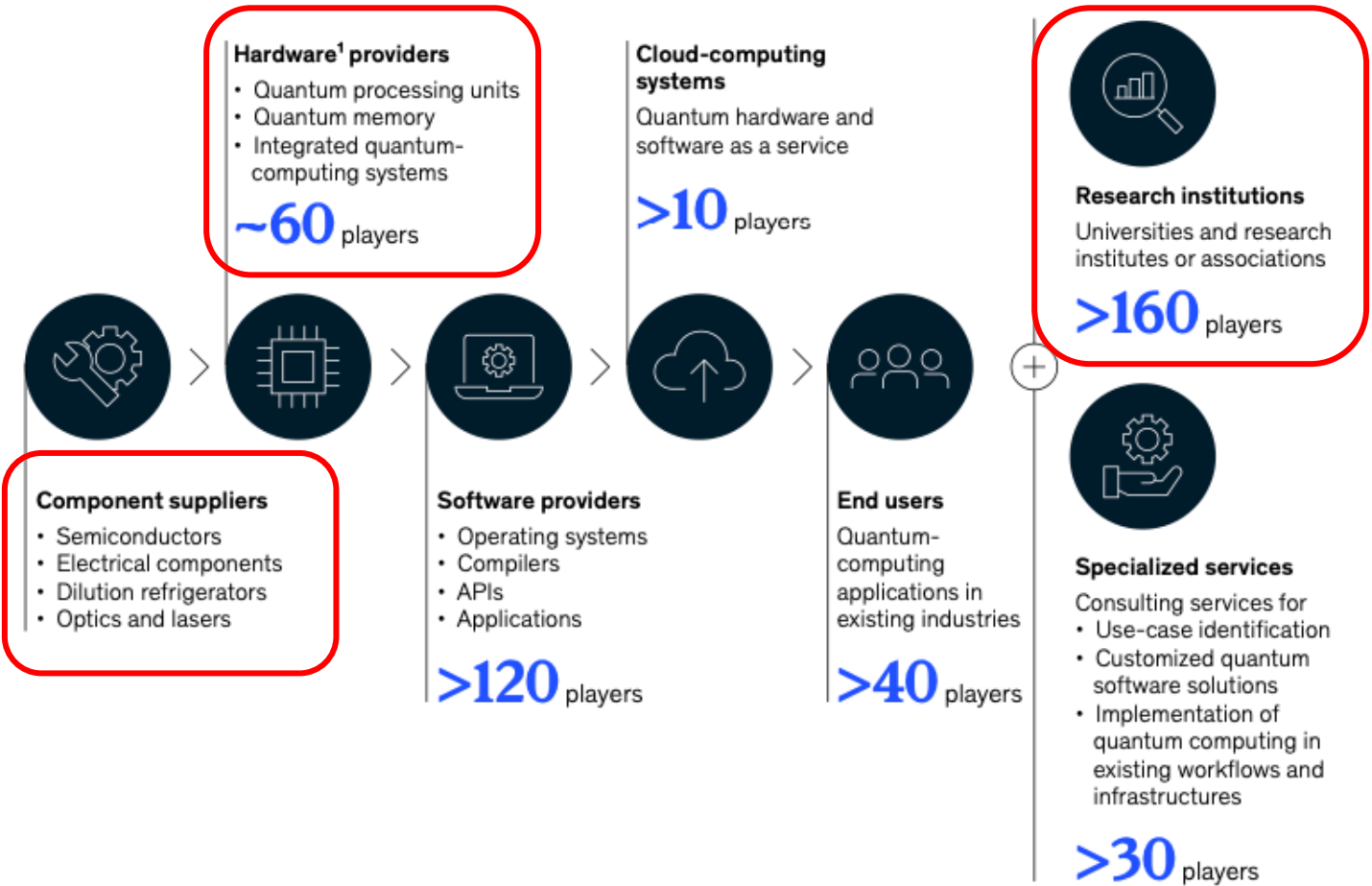
Note: Not exhaustive; commercial activity is opaque in some regions.

¹Number only quoted until 2018, since start-ups with a later founding date may still be in stealth mode (ie, they have not disclosed their activity publicly).

Source: Capital IQ; Crunchbase; PitchBook; Quantum Computing Report; McKinsey analysis

In the quantum-computing value chain, software has the largest number of players.

Overview of players in the quantum-computing value chain



- Our Quantum CORE believes MT is poised for advances in the Q-Supply chain focused on hardware and component suppliers
- Within the value chain, startup hardware companies (manufacturers of quantum computers) saw more than 70% of private investments*

*McKinsey & Company. "Quantum Technology Monitor," June 2022

¹Complete computing systems.

Why Quantum In Montana?

An Occupational Analysis – MT vs US

| OCC CODE | Occupation Title | Montana | | | | Nation | | | |
|----------|--|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | Total Employed | % of Total Jobs | Mean Hourly Wage | Mean Annual Wage | Total Employed | % of Total Jobs | Mean Hourly Wage | Mean Annual Wage |
| 00-000 | All Occupations | 470,230 | | \$ 23.72 | \$ 49,340.00 | 140,886,310 | | \$ 28.01 | \$ 58,260.00 |
| 11-000 | Management Occupations | 22,390 | 4.8% | \$ 44.46 | \$ 92,480.00 | 8,909,910 | 6.3% | \$ 59.31 | \$ 123,370.00 |
| 13-000 | Business and Financial | 25,000 | 5.3% | \$ 32.99 | \$ 68,630.00 | 9,053,790 | 6.4% | \$ 39.72 | \$ 82,610.00 |
| 15-000 | Computer and Mathematical | 8,800 | 1.9% | \$ 34.20 | \$ 71,130.00 | 4,654,750 | 3.3% | \$ 48.01 | \$ 99,860.00 |
| 17-000 | Architecture and Engineering | 8,230 | 1.8% | \$ 36.00 | \$ 74,880.00 | 2,436,520 | 1.7% | \$ 44.10 | \$ 91,740.00 |
| 19-000 | Life, Physical, and Social Science | 8,610 | 1.8% | \$ 28.60 | \$ 59,500.00 | 1,273,640 | 0.9% | \$ 38.81 | \$ 80,730.00 |
| 21-000 | Community and Social Service | 9,620 | 2.0% | \$ 21.35 | \$ 44,400.00 | 2,239,680 | 1.6% | \$ 25.94 | \$ 53,960.00 |
| 23-000 | Legal | 3,880 | 0.8% | \$ 36.66 | \$ 76,240.00 | 1,178,140 | 0.8% | \$ 54.38 | \$ 113,100.00 |
| 25-000 | Educational Instruction and Library | 27,970 | 5.9% | \$ 24.55 | \$ 51,060.00 | 8,191,930 | 5.8% | \$ 29.88 | \$ 62,140.00 |
| 27-000 | Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media | 6,400 | 1.4% | \$ 22.02 | \$ 45,790.00 | 1,815,290 | 1.3% | \$ 31.78 | \$ 66,100.00 |
| 29-000 | Healthcare Practitioners and Technical | 29,890 | 6.4% | \$ 43.70 | \$ 90,900.00 | 8,787,730 | 6.2% | \$ 43.80 | \$ 91,100.00 |
| 31-000 | Healthcare Support | 19,020 | 4.0% | \$ 15.62 | \$ 32,500.00 | 6,603,680 | 4.7% | \$ 16.02 | \$ 33,330.00 |
| 33-000 | Protective Service | 8,010 | 1.7% | \$ 25.08 | \$ 52,160.00 | 3,385,030 | 2.4% | \$ 25.68 | \$ 53,420.00 |
| 35-000 | Food Preparation and Serving Related | 47,770 | 10.2% | \$ 12.67 | \$ 26,350.00 | 11,201,480 | 8.0% | \$ 14.16 | \$ 29,450.00 |
| 37-000 | Building & Grounds, Cleaning & Maintenance | 19,560 | 4.2% | \$ 15.65 | \$ 32,550.00 | 4,108,810 | 2.9% | \$ 16.23 | \$ 33,750.00 |
| 39-000 | Personal Care and Service | 10,200 | 2.2% | \$ 14.72 | \$ 30,620.00 | 2,566,440 | 1.8% | \$ 16.17 | \$ 33,620.00 |
| 41-000 | Sales and Related | 46,490 | 9.9% | \$ 19.05 | \$ 39,630.00 | 13,256,290 | 9.4% | \$ 22.15 | \$ 46,080.00 |
| 43-000 | Office and Administrative Support | 60,010 | 12.8% | \$ 18.40 | \$ 38,280.00 | 18,299,380 | 13.0% | \$ 20.88 | \$ 43,430.00 |
| 45-000 | Farming, Fishing, and Forestry | 1,890 | 0.4% | \$ 19.24 | \$ 40,020.00 | 452,490 | 0.3% | \$ 16.70 | \$ 34,730.00 |
| 47-000 | Construction and Extraction | 30,290 | 6.4% | \$ 25.83 | \$ 53,720.00 | 5,848,950 | 4.2% | \$ 26.87 | \$ 55,900.00 |
| 49-000 | Installation, Maintenance, and Repair | 23,090 | 4.9% | \$ 24.39 | \$ 50,720.00 | 5,574,410 | 4.0% | \$ 25.66 | \$ 53,380.00 |
| 51-000 | Production | 17,220 | 3.7% | \$ 21.33 | \$ 44,370.00 | 8,408,030 | 6.0% | \$ 20.71 | \$ 43,070.00 |
| 53-000 | Transportation and Material Moving | 35,880 | 7.6% | \$ 19.81 | \$ 41,200.00 | 12,639,920 | 9.0% | \$ 19.88 | \$ 41,340.00 |

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics, Occupational and Employment Wage Statistics, May 2021



Quantum Workforce?

The Quantum Workforce needs support in 3 areas¹:

1. Workforce availability and development

- Q workforce will include quantum physicists, computer scientists, engineers, technicians, and people with business, sales and policy backgrounds
- *Only 29 Universities worldwide offer Master's degrees in Quantum Technologies^{1,2}*
- U.S. leads the world in Master's programs in Quantum technologies (11 in the U.S.)^{1,2}

2. Policies and Regulations

- Access to quantum hardware
- Ethics of the technology
- Collaborations within industry, government, and academia

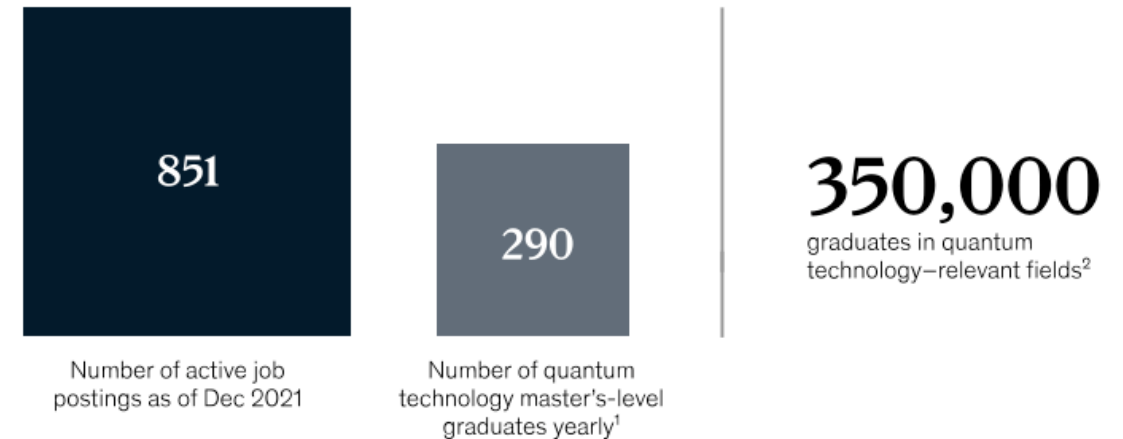
3. Standardization

- Use of hardware, tools, etc.

The talent gap for quantum technology jobs could be addressed with upskilling programs for talent in related disciplines.

The number of job postings outstrips qualified talent by as much as three to one...

...but upskilling graduates in related disciplines can help close the gap.



¹ Estimate based on the number of universities with such programs and how many students graduate per year.

² Graduates of master's level or equivalent in biochemistry, chemistry, electronics and chemical engineering, information and communications technology, mathematics and statistics, and physics.

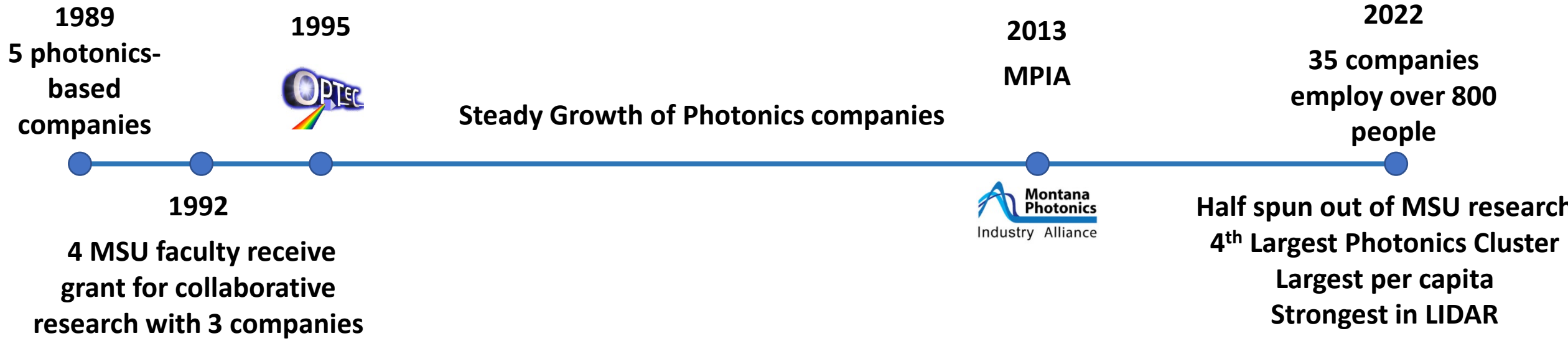
Source: OECD; Quantum Computing Report, quantumcomputingreport.com

McKinsey
& Company

1: World Economic Forum. "State of Quantum Computing: Building a Quantum Economy," Insight Report, Sept. 2022

2: McKinsey & Company. "Quantum computing funding remains strong, but talent gap raises concern," June 2022

Experience Growing Tech Innovation Cluster - Existing Foundation

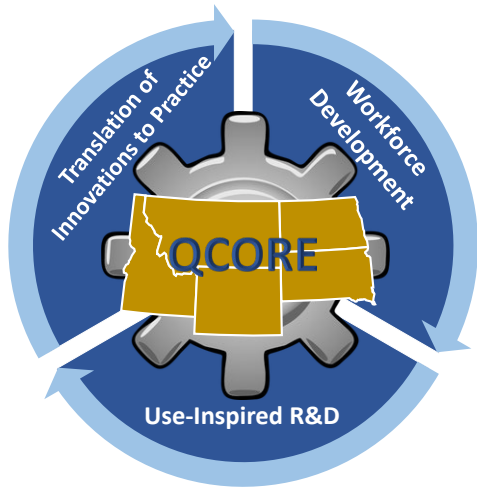


Existing QSC industry

- AdvR – PPKTP waveguides for photon pair generation
- Wavelength Electronics – Precision temperature control
- Montana Instruments – Low vibration cryostats
- Teledyne / FLIR – Rare earth crystalline photonic materials

Existing MSU Programs

- MSU – MonArk Quantum Foundry (1 of only 2 nation wide)
- AFRL quantum networking



Key Features of Planning Grant – Based on Lessons Learned

- Quantum Supply Chain gap analysis to identify regional opportunities
 - Includes non-quantum support components
- Engagement of institutions / programs shown in graphic
 - Includes identifying degree and certificate programs
- Discussions with tech sector businesses to understand what programs bring the most benefit and what is missing
- Study of successful tech-based innovation clusters in low population density regions. Can best practices be identified?
- Planning for test beds and core facilities to reduce capital costs for start-up companies' entry into field
- In multiple cases students transitioned with a technology to the private sector



Lessons: University – Industry Partnership Reduces Risk in the “Valley of Death”

Championship Shifts

- Industry input to research
- Entrepreneur short courses
- Local Industry Assoc.
- Business mentorship programs

Risk Mitigation Shifts

- Co-development with Univ.
- Univ Personnel transitioning with technology
- Gap funding programs
- Venture capital involvement

Resource Floor Shifts

- Use of testbeds
- Business Incubators
- Access to major instrumentation

